

# How to Partner Effectively with Your State's Medicaid Agency

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Musings from a former state Medicaid Director

*February 11, 2019*

# Presentation Overview

- Understanding the key priorities of Medicaid agencies and their MCOs/RAEs
  - How can associations frame safety nets needs to align with those objectives?
- A review of the continuum of value based payment/delivery system reform
  - How can different payment models work together?
- How best to engage Medicaid programs and their MCOs/RAEs
  - Hint: Build strong relationships; focus on data and not anecdotes.

# Understanding the Medicaid Environment

- Some Obvious Observations:
  - Medicaid is one of biggest expenditures in every state's budget
    - Typically second only to K-12 education
    - Tremendous pressure on state Medicaid agencies to reduce cost growth
  - Average tenure of Medicaid director is between 2-3 years. Why so short?
    - As Medicaid becomes bigger part of state budget, more political and harder to stay cross parties
    - It's a hard, demanding job – everyone wants something from you, and you have very little to give

# What are Key Priorities for the Medicaid Agency?

- Highest priorities for all states:
  - Stay on budget
  - Reduce cost growth
  - Keep the trains running
  - Stay out of the news
- Other key priorities:
  - Implement key priorities of the Governor and/or Secretary
    - In some states the Medicaid director will get to set the priorities
      - but that varies tremendously by state.
  - Implement legislative mandates
    - Required to do some things that do not otherwise align with Medicaid agency's priorities

# Hot Policy Issues in State Medicaid Programs

- Addressing the opioid crisis
  - Expanding SUD treatment, including MAT
- Payment and Delivery System Reform
  - Pay for value not volume
  - Integration of Physical and Behavioral Health
- Population Health
  - Better use of data in identifying gaps in care
  - Focus on social determinants of health
- Medicaid work requirements

# Hot Policy Issues in Medicaid Managed Care

- Great overlap with general priorities— most states have some form of managed care and implement policies through their MCOs
- Recent focus on states coming into compliance with Medicaid Managed Care rule
  - Network adequacy requirements
  - Quality strategy
- Purchasing behavioral health services
  - More states carving in to one plan with acute services
  - Focus can't stop there for there to be real change

# How Can You Influence Managed Care Procurements

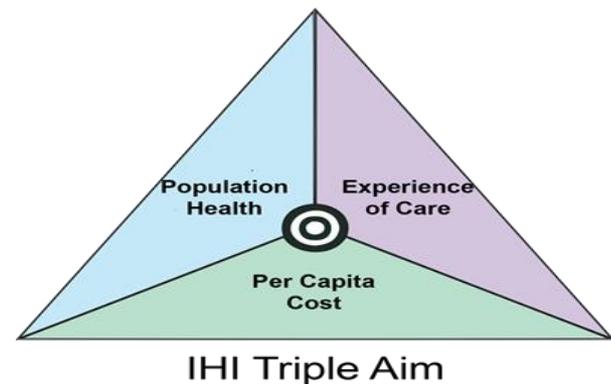
- Most states conduct significant stakeholder feedback in advance of releasing a procurement
  - Provide overview of what planning
  - Obtain feedback on priority areas
- Some states release draft procurements before final procurement is released
- Vendor selection
  - Occasionally states include provider and/or consumer representative on the review committee
  - May ask for references specifically from provider and/or consumer
  - If not asked, need to wait and see outcome; any other ways to influence may void entire process

# Consider How to Frame Your Priorities to Align with State Priorities

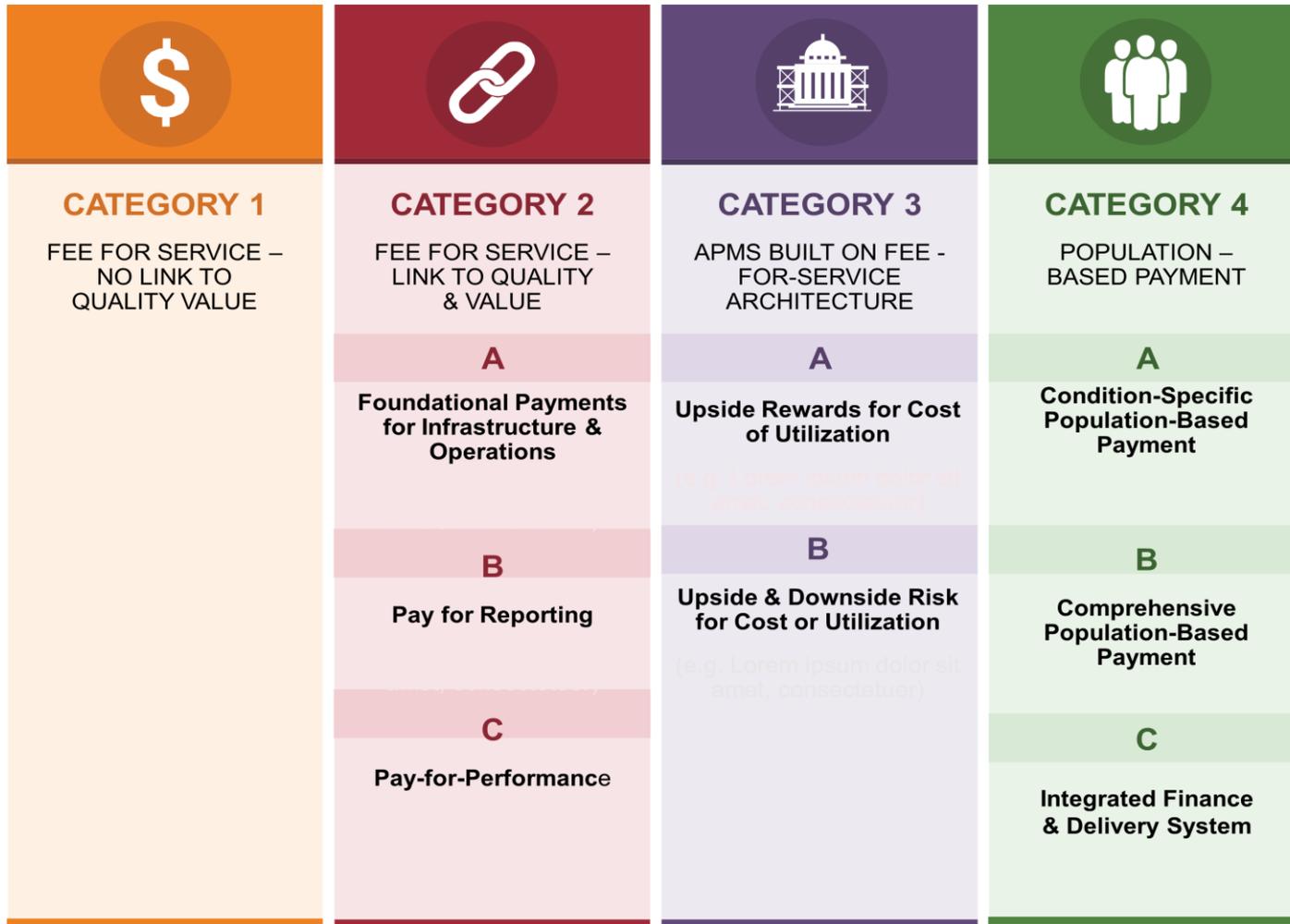
- State Medicaid programs have little bandwidth to touch anything outside of its own priorities
  - Where is the there overlap between your priorities and the states?
    - Everyone is focused on opioid crisis.
    - Need for strong behavioral health system
    - Need for Integration of physical health and behavioral health
  - Payment and Delivery System Reform
    - States focused on moving from volume to value
    - How can FQHCs and CMHCs participate?
    - How does it impact the PPS rates?
  - Focus on Population Health/SDOH
    - FQHCs and CMHCs are well positioned to support SDOH needs

# Understanding Value Based Payment and Delivery System Reform

- Most states have one or more initiative focused on payment reform.
  - Payment reform should not be for sake of payment reform only.
  - To be effective needs to be coupled with delivery system reform
  - Incentivize value over volume
    - States looking to meet triple aim – improved quality and outcomes; reduced costs.



# LAN APM Framework



# VBP for Primary Care: Multi-layered

**Multiple payment reforms can work together and is a common model proposed for primary care**

Triple Aim  
Performance  
Payment

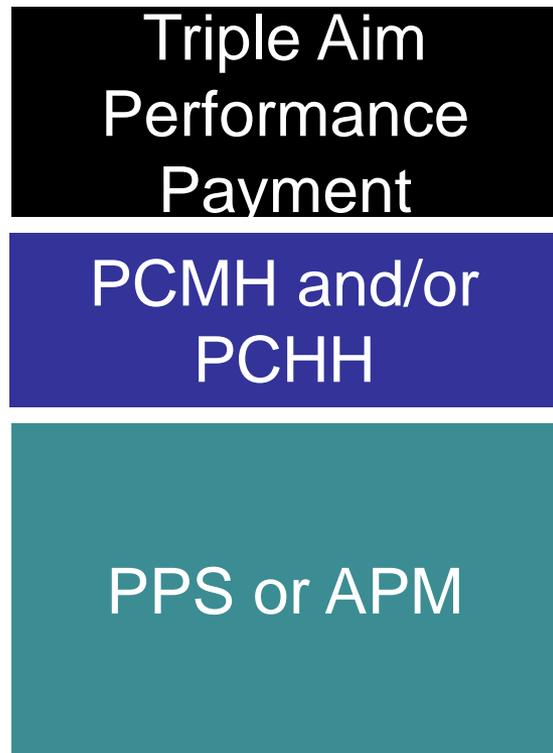
PCMH and/or  
PCHH

PPS or APM

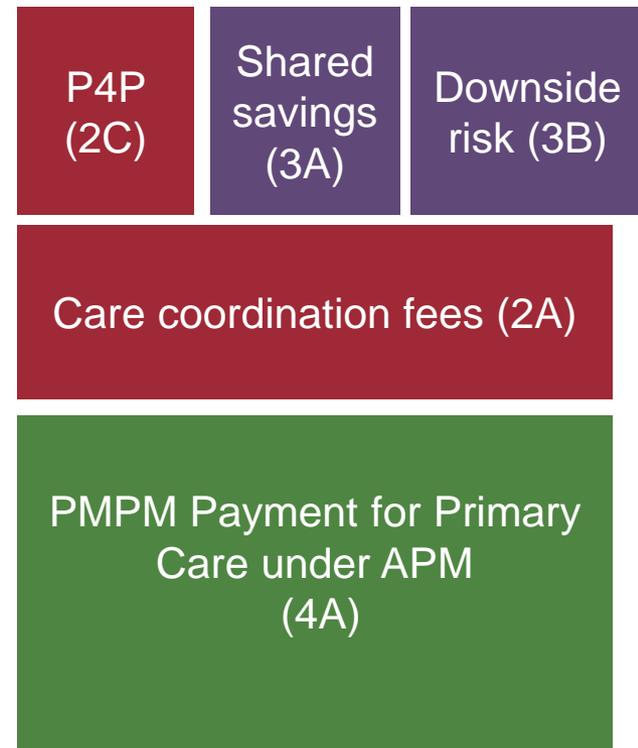
- **Incentivize** quality and cost outcomes (upside incentives and/or downside risk/penalties)
- **Invest** in new services/capabilities
- Provide funding for most services
- **Flexibility** to deliver care differently

# VBP for Primary Care: Multi-layered

## NACHC/JSI Model (2014)

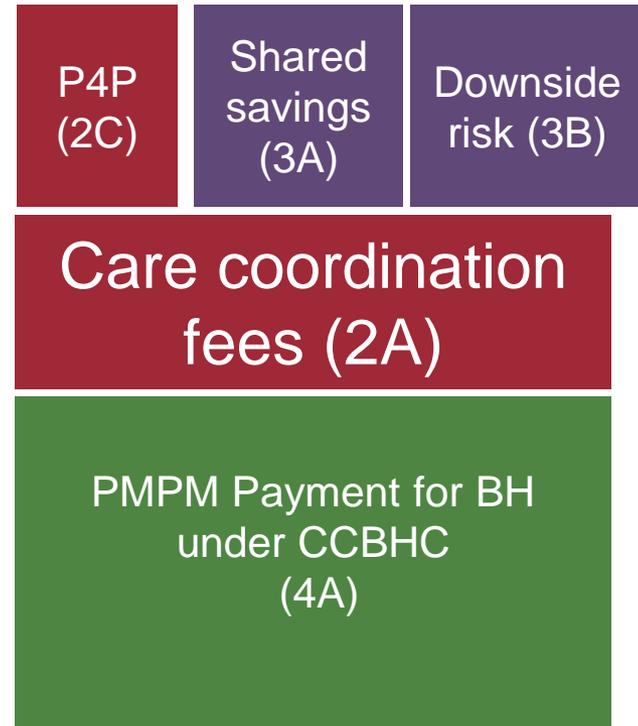


## Viewed through HCP-LAN Lens



# Payment Reform: Multi-layered

## A potential BH model..... Viewed through HCP LAN Lens



# Progress Towards VBP: FQHCs

- Most of FQHCs are PCMHs and also have some experience with P4P.
  - Some experience with shared savings
  - Limited experience with shared risk
    - OR/WA both have primary care capitation payment to FQHC but potential for reconciliation
  - FQHCs as backbone of ACOs
    - MA – Two models include FQHCs
      - Merrimack Valley ACO includes health center as key partner in ACO/MCO partnership
      - direct ACO with the state through the Community Care Cooperative (C3)
    - RI – 3 out of 5 RI certified ACOs are based in one or more FQHC
    - MN - FUHN (Minneapolis/St. Paul)

# Implementing VBP in FQHCs

- Strong understanding of impact of SDOH and impact on care
- Varying levels of capability with using data to help manage care
- Varying levels of financial capacity to take on new payment models
- Varying levels of willingness to take on risk
- Challenges with attribution
  - Some beneficiaries assigned that FQHCs have never seen

# Progress Towards VBP: BH Providers

- BH providers have less experience with any VBP
  - Have not been focus of infrastructure payments
  - Some P4P, but not many standardize quality measures
  - Some experience with case rates, but not experience with risk
    - Colorado – case rates to PIHPs; also serving as RAEs and receiving CM funds on PMPM basis
    - MI – current work with MCOs to consider payment reform under 298 Pilot (which integrates acute and BH care within managed care)
    - NH – CMHCs agreed to capitated payments with risk

# Implementing VBP in CMHCs

- Strong understanding of impact of SDOH and impact on care
- Treating BH conditions is key to reducing total cost of care
- Challenges with real/perceived data sharing issues
- Varying levels of capability with using data to help manage care
- Varying levels of financial capacity to take on new payment models
- Varying levels of willingness to take on risk

# How Best to Engage Medicaid Agencies

- Associations should work to build **long term relationships** with Medicaid agencies.
  - See Medicaid agency as a partner
    - Similar missions: to serve the underserved
  - Focus on them always, not just when you need/want something
  - Get to know not just the Medicaid director but key program leadership
  - Participate in state working groups to show dedicated to the Medicaid program and its population
  - Work collaboratively across providers (this is a good start!)

# Partnership Principles (From Joe Parks)

## DO

- Ask about their needs first
- Give something
- Assist wherever you can
- Make it about the next 10
- Pursue common interest
- Reveal anything helpful
- Take one for the team

## DON'T

- Talk about your needs first
- Expect to get something
- Limit assistance to a project
- Make it about this deal
- Push a specific position
- Withhold information
- Let them take their lumps

# When Have a Specific Ask of Medicaid Agency

- Keep request simple and reasonable
  - Understand where state agency has flexibility and where it doesn't
  - Rates are always an issue – and very hard to solve.
  - Don't just come in with a problem; propose a solution
    - Use data to illustrate what the problem is that you are trying to solve
      - Are there other organizations in state willing to identify and call out the problem? (e.g., Foundation?)
    - Describe how problem is issue for beneficiaries – not just for providers
    - Use data and evidence-based practice examples to show why your proposed solution works
      - Consider impact of solution on other providers/stakeholders
      - If negative, how do you mitigate?
      - If positive, can you engage them to work with you?

# Challenge: IA – Attribution

- Challenge: beneficiaries are attributed to FQHC but have never been seen at Center
- Approach to Problem Solving:
  - Data: Present state with monthly list of attributed members who have never been seen at center.
    - Ask state to share data on those members to determine if/where they have been seen
  - Beneficiary Impact: Not clear.
    - If being seen by other provider, no impact;
    - if not being seen at all, unengaged beneficiary
  - Proposed Solution:
    - Where getting care elsewhere, move attribution to different provider
    - Where not getting care; remain with FQHC to make effort to engage patient

# Challenge: MA – Tangle of Requirements

- **Challenge:**

- As providers work to integrate primary care and behavioral health have come up against regulatory requirements that create barriers to implementation

- **Approach to Problem Solving:**

- Provide state with specific examples of regulatory requirements and how they do not work
  - Example: may only bill for one visit per day
  - Data: keep specific log of barriers so can show trend of where impacting integration
  - Beneficiary Impact: keep specific log of where beneficiary couldn't get service on same day, and if/when they came back for service
  - Solution: provide draft regulations that remove limit; where possible, do data analysis to show budget impact

# Questions? Comments? Discussion?



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