

How to Partner Effectively with Your State's Medicaid Agency

Musings from a former state Medicaid Director

February 11, 2019

Presentation Overview

- Understanding the key priorities of Medicaid agencies and their MCOs/RAEs
 - How can associations frame safety nets needs to align with those objectives?
- A review of the continuum of value based payment/delivery system reform
 - How can different payment models work together?
- How best to engage Medicaid programs and their MCOs/RAEs
 - Hint: Build strong relationships; focus on data and not anecdotes.

Understanding the Medicaid Environment

- Some Obvious Observations:
 - Medicaid is one of biggest expenditures in every state's budget
 - Typically second only to K-12 education
 - Tremendous pressure on state Medicaid agencies to reduce cost growth
 - Average tenure of Medicaid director is between 2-3 years. Why so short?
 - As Medicaid becomes bigger part of state budget, more political and harder to stay cross parties
 - It's a hard, demanding job – everyone wants something from you, and you have very little to give

What are Key Priorities for the Medicaid Agency?

- Highest priorities for all states:
 - Stay on budget
 - Reduce cost growth
 - Keep the trains running
 - Stay out of the news
- Other key priorities:
 - Implement key priorities of the Governor and/or Secretary
 - In some states the Medicaid director will get to set the priorities
 - but that varies tremendously by state.
 - Implement legislative mandates
 - Required to do some things that do not otherwise align with Medicaid agency's priorities

Hot Policy Issues in State Medicaid Programs

- Addressing the opioid crisis
 - Expanding SUD treatment, including MAT
- Payment and Delivery System Reform
 - Pay for value not volume
 - Integration of Physical and Behavioral Health
- Population Health
 - Better use of data in identifying gaps in care
 - Focus on social determinants of health
- Medicaid work requirements

Hot Policy Issues in Medicaid Managed Care

- Great overlap with general priorities— most states have some form of managed care and implement policies through their MCOs
- Recent focus on states coming into compliance with Medicaid Managed Care rule
 - Network adequacy requirements
 - Quality strategy
- Purchasing behavioral health services
 - More states carving in to one plan with acute services
 - Focus can't stop there for there to be real change

How Can You Influence Managed Care Procurements

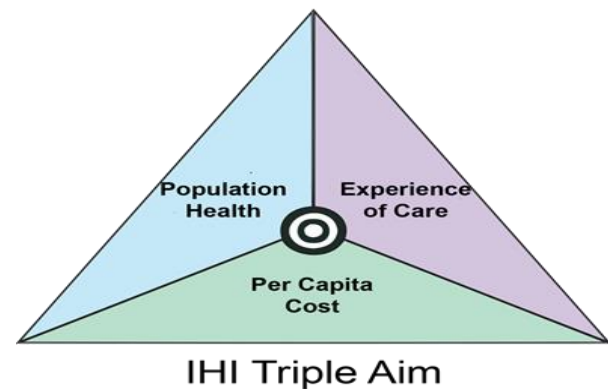
- Most states conduct significant stakeholder feedback in advance of releasing a procurement
 - Provide overview of what planning
 - Obtain feedback on priority areas
- Some states release draft procurements before final procurement is released
- Vendor selection
 - Occasionally states include provider and/or consumer representative on the review committee
 - May ask for references specifically from provider and/or consumer
 - If not asked, need to wait and see outcome; any other ways to influence may void entire process

Consider How to Frame Your Priorities to Align with State Priorities

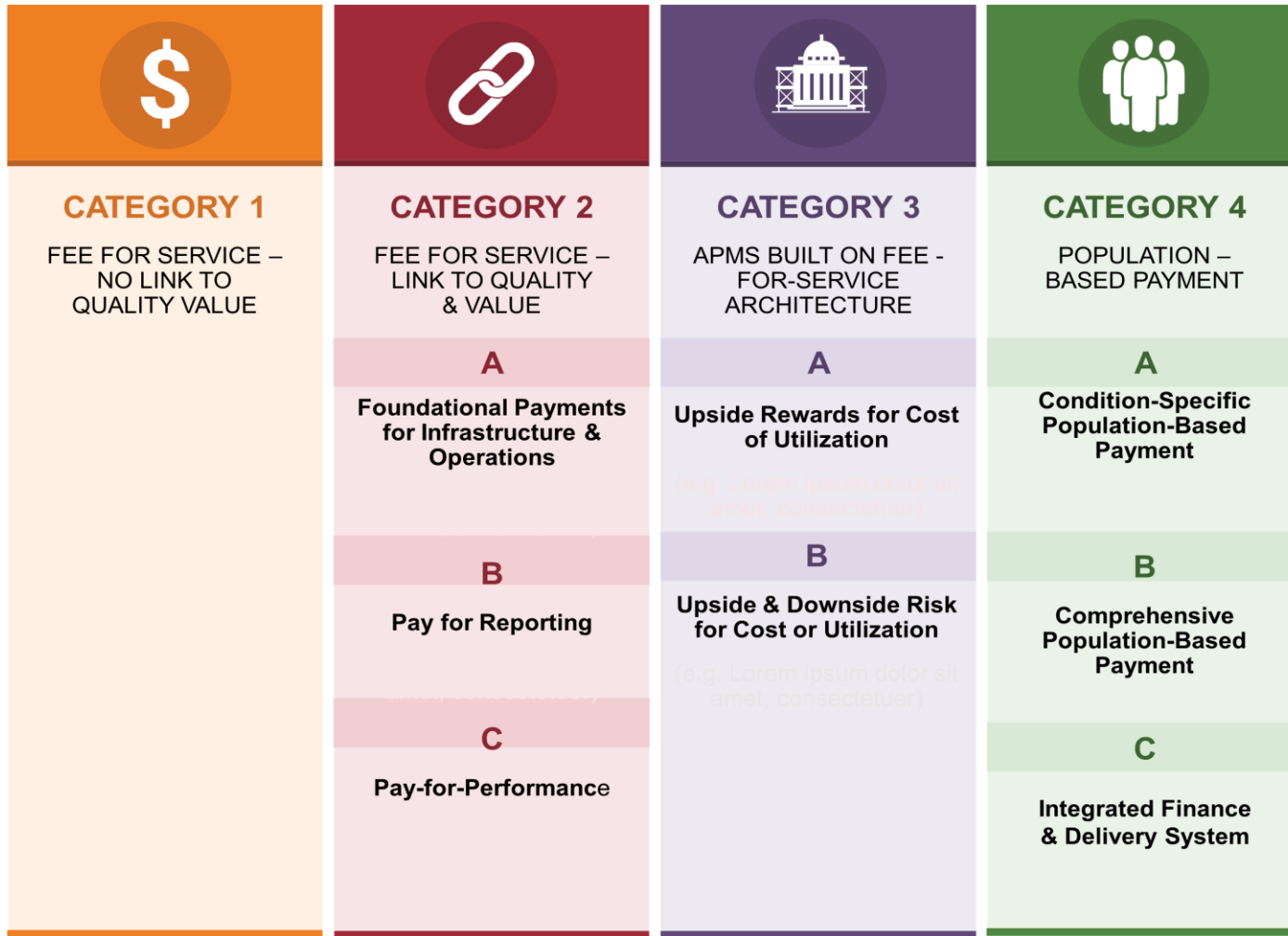
- State Medicaid programs have little bandwidth to touch anything outside of its own priorities
 - Where is there overlap between your priorities and the states?
 - Everyone is focused on opioid crisis.
 - Need for strong behavioral health system
 - Need for Integration of physical health and behavioral health
 - Payment and Delivery System Reform
 - States focused on moving from volume to value
 - How can FQHCs and CMHCs participate?
 - How does it impact the PPS rates?
 - Focus on Population Health/SDOH
 - FQHCs and CMHCs are well positioned to support SDOH needs

Understanding Value Based Payment and Delivery System Reform

- Most states have one or more initiative focused on payment reform.
 - Payment reform should not be for sake of payment reform only.
 - To be effective needs to be coupled with delivery system reform
 - Incentivize value over volume
 - States looking to meet triple aim – improved quality and outcomes; reduced costs.



LAN APM Framework



VBP for Primary Care: Multi-layered

Multiple payment reforms can work together and is a common model proposed for primary care

Triple Aim
Performance
Payment

- **Incentivize** quality and cost outcomes (upside incentives and/or downside risk/penalties)

PCMH and/or
PCHH

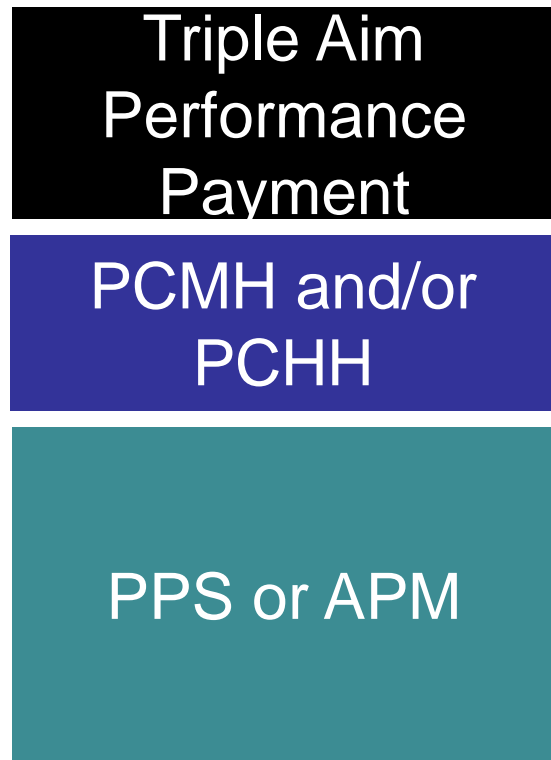
- **Invest** in new services/capabilities

PPS or APM

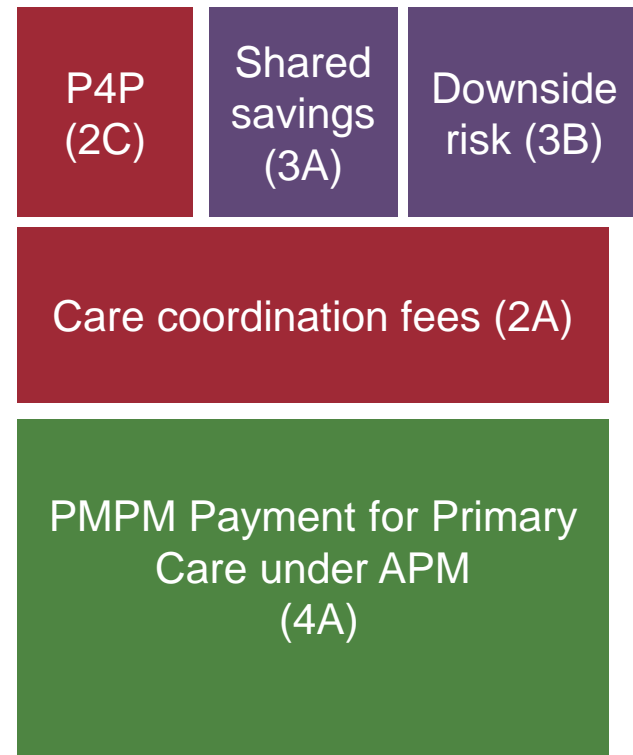
- Provide funding for most services
- **Flexibility** to deliver care differently

VBP for Primary Care: Multi-layered

NACHC/JSI Model (2014)

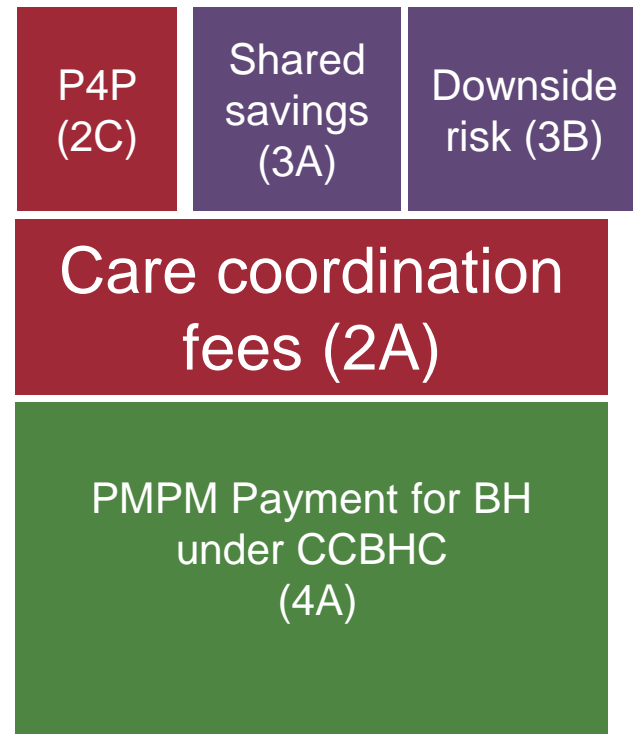
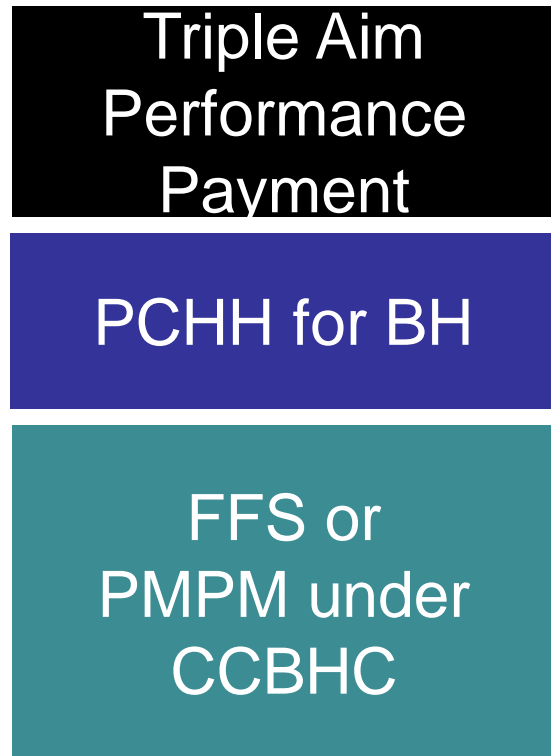


Viewed through HCP-LAN Lens



Payment Reform: Multi-layered

A potential BH model..... Viewed through HCP LAN Lens



Progress Towards VBP: FQHCs

- Most of FQHCs are PCMHs and also have some experience with P4P.
 - Some experience with shared savings
 - Limited experience with shared risk
 - OR/WA both have primary care capitation payment to FQHC but potential for reconciliation
 - FQHCs as backbone of ACOs
 - MA – Two models include FQHCs
 - Merrimack Valley ACO includes health center as key partner in ACO/MCO partnership
 - direct ACO with the state through the Community Care Cooperative (C3)
 - RI – 3 out of 5 RI certified ACOs are based in one or more FQHC
 - MN - FUHN (Minneapolis/St. Paul)

Implementing VBP in FQHCs

- Strong understanding of impact of SDOH and impact on care
- Varying levels of capability with using data to help manage care
- Varying levels of financial capacity to take on new payment models
- Varying levels of willingness to take on risk
- Challenges with attribution
 - Some beneficiaries assigned that FQHCs have never seen

Progress Towards VBP: BH Providers

- BH providers have less experience with any VBP
 - Have not been focus of infrastructure payments
 - Some P4P, but not many standardize quality measures
 - Some experience with case rates, but not experience with risk
 - Colorado – case rates to PIHPs; also serving as RAEs and receiving CM funds on PMPM basis
 - MI – current work with MCOs to consider payment reform under 298 Pilot (which integrates acute and BH care within managed care)
 - NH – CMHCs agreed to capitated payments with risk

Implementing VBP in CMHCs

- Strong understanding of impact of SDOH and impact on care
- Treating BH conditions is key to reducing total cost of care
- Challenges with real/perceived data sharing issues
- Varying levels of capability with using data to help manage care
- Varying levels of financial capacity to take on new payment models
- Varying levels of willingness to take on risk

How Best to Engage Medicaid Agencies

- Associations should work to build **long term relationships** with Medicaid agencies.
 - See Medicaid agency as a partner
 - Similar missions: to serve the underserved
 - Focus on them always, not just when you need/want something
 - Get to know not just the Medicaid director but key program leadership
 - Participate in state working groups to show dedicated to the Medicaid program and its population
 - Work collaboratively across providers (this is a good start!)

Partnership Principles (From Joe Parks)

DO

- Ask about their needs first
- Give something
- Assist wherever you can
- Make it about the next 10
- Pursue common interest
- Reveal anything helpful
- Take one for the team

DON'T

- Talk about your needs first
- Expect to get something
- Limit assistance to a project
- Make it about this deal
- Push a specific position
- Withhold information
- Let them take their lumps

When Have a Specific Ask of Medicaid Agency

- Keep request simple and reasonable
 - Understand where state agency has flexibility and where it doesn't
 - Rates are always an issue – and very hard to solve.
 - Don't just come in with a problem; propose a solution
 - Use data to illustrate what the problem is that you are trying to solve
 - Are there other organizations in state willing to identify and call out the problem? (e.g., Foundation?)
 - Describe how problem is issue for beneficiaries – not just for providers
 - Use data and evidence-based practice examples to show why your proposed solution works
 - Consider impact of solution on other providers/stakeholders
 - If negative, how do you mitigate?
 - If positive, can you engage them to work with you?

Challenge: IA – Attribution

- Challenge: beneficiaries are attributed to FQHC but have never been seen at Center
- Approach to Problem Solving:
 - Data: Present state with monthly list of attributed members who have never been seen at center.
 - Ask state to share data on those members to determine if/where they have been seen
 - Beneficiary Impact: Not clear.
 - If being seen by other provider, no impact;
 - if not being seen at all, unengaged beneficiary
 - Proposed Solution:
 - Where getting care elsewhere, move attribution to different provider
 - Where not getting care; remain with FQHC to make effort to engage patient

Challenge: MA – Tangle of Requirements

■ Challenge:

- As providers work to integrate primary care and behavioral health have come up against regulatory requirements that create barriers to implementation

■ Approach to Problem Solving:

- Provide state with specific examples of regulatory requirements and how they do not work
 - Example: may only bill for one visit per day
 - Data: keep specific log of barriers so can show trend of where impacting integration
 - Beneficiary Impact: keep specific log of where beneficiary couldn't get service on same day, and if/when they came back for service
 - Solution: provide draft regulations that remove limit; where possible, do data analysis to show budget impact

Questions? Comments? Discussion?



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